

# Contribution of Solar Heating and Cooling to a 100% Renewable Energy System

#### **Werner Weiss**

ExCo Chairman IEA Solar Heating and Cooling Programme Director, AEE INTEC, Austria



www.iea-shc.org



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- 2. Solar thermal markets
- 3. Applications and related R&D challenges
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## **IEA SHC - Member Countries**





## **IEA SHC – Current Tasks**





# 13 Tasks (research projects) 550 researchers and experts

2 Tasks on solar thermal components
5 Tasks on solar thermal systems
3 solar building related Tasks
1 Task each on:

- Solar Resource Assessment and Forecasting
- Rating and Certification Procedures
- Advanced Lighting Solutions for Retrofitting Buildings

# Heat accounts for more than half of world's total final energy consumption today



World total final energy consumption, 2011 (322 EJ)



Source: Paolo Frankl, IEA, Paris

## Heat plays important role worldwide





This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

Note: Figure based on 2009 data Source: Energy Technology Perspectives 2012

# IEA Roadmap vision of solar heating and cooling by sector (EJ/yr)





Solar heating and cooling capacity could produce annually by 2050:

- 16.5 EJ solar heat (16% of TFE low temp. heat)
- 1.5 EJ solar cooling (17% of TFE cooling)

Source: IEA Technology Roadmap – Solar Heating & Cooling

## Regional solar heating and cooling generation in buildings and industry



Source: IEA Technology Roadmap – Solar Heating & Cooling

### **Global Solar Heating and Cooling Markets**





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# **Total installed capacity of unglazed and glazed water collectors in operation in the 10 leading countries by the end of 2011**





# Total capacity of glazed flat plate and evacuated tube collectors in operation in kWth per 1,000 inhabitants by the end of 2011

Capacity [kWth/1,000 inh.]

NTERNATIONAL ENERGY



# Annual installed capacity of flat plate and evacuated tube collectors from 2000 to 2011





#### **Total installed capacity in operation by economic regions at the end of 2011**





#### Distribution of solar thermal systems by application for the newly installed glazed water collector capacity of by economic region in 2011





### Thermosiphon systems for domestic hot water preparation





# Fraction of thermosyphon systems in the most important solar thermal markets











#### Up to now: Installation of 300,000 – 350,000 systems



#### **Turkey – Collective System - MFH**





## **China – world leader in thermosyphon**





#### **Thermosyphon systems - China**





## **Challenges and Opportunities**





Increase the quality and reliability New materials Building integration

# **Polymeric Materials**





### **Thermosyphon Systems - façade integrated**





#### **Thermosyphon Systems - façade integrated**





## Forced circulated system for domestic hot water preparation





Source: ESTTP - SRP

## Forced circulated system for domestic hot water preparation



Small-scale Systems for Hot Water Preparation

 $f_{sol} = 50 - 70\%$ 

500 - 650 kWh/kW,

Further Developments: - Compactness - Kit Systems - Significant price reduction

# Solar thermal combi-system for domestic hot water preparation and space heating





#### **Advanced Solar Combi System**





Source: Solvis

### **Solar Combi Systems for SFH**





#### **100% Solar Heated Houses** Multi family house Switzerland





Source: Jenni, CH

# **Integrated facade systems**





# **Prefabricated facade systems**





# **Multi family houses**





# Two pipe hydraulic concept for multi family houses







Source: AEE INTEC

#### **Solar thermal systems for Hotels**





# **Challenges and Opportunities**





# Active Solar Houses Simple frost and stagnation protection Building integration High solar fractions Compact thermal energy storage
## ENERGY STORAGE – THE KEY ISSUE Task 42/24





# **Current fields of Development**







# **Materials**

- improve performance (capacity, power)
- reduce costs (basic material, production technology)

# Components

- heat exchangers
- mass transport



# - sensoring, control

# **Systems**

- Integration
- control

Source: IEA SHC Task 42

# **Development Stages of TES Technologies**



*Water (sensible)* Market mature





Source: IEA SHC Task 42

# **Sorption Storage – AEE INTEC**







Source: AEE INTEC





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# Development of small capacity thermally drivensite of small capacity thermally drivensite of small capacity thermally drivensite of the state of the

#### Main achievements:

- Development of small capacity thermally driven chillers (<35 kW<sub>cold</sub>)
- Optimization of the heat rejection subsystem



Sortech AG



EAW



Pink GmbH

# **Solar Air Conditioning and Refrigeration** IEA SHC Task 38 / Task 48





# The United World Colleges, Singapore IEA SHC Task 38 / Task 48



# **Solar Cooling Systems in Operation**





#### No. of solar cooling application [-]

Sources: Solem Consulting / Green Chiller

# **Challenges and Opportunities**





Small systems: Competition with PV and HP Big systems for offices and hotel sector

# Solar assisted Solar assisted Heating District

# **District Heating – 3,5 MW<sub>th</sub>, Graz, Austria** IEA SHC Task 45





# Simple system concept for urban district heating

83





Source: S.O.L.I.D.

# **Biggest District Heating System Worldwide** Saudi Arabia, 36.000 m<sup>2</sup> / 25 MW<sub>th</sub>





# **Biggest District Heating System Worldwide** Saudi Arabia, 36.000 m<sup>2</sup> / 25 MW<sub>th</sub>





# **Pipes and Heat Exchangers**







#### Solar Space Heating with High Solar Fraction Drake Landing Solar Community, Canada





# **Drake Landing Solar Community** IEA SHC Task 45



# Location: Okotoks, Alberta, Canada

Number of homes: 52

Collector area: 2,293 m<sup>2</sup> (1.6 MWth)

Addition independent solar domestic hot water systems for each home

Short-term storage tank: 2 x 120 m<sup>3</sup> steel tanks

Borehole thermal energy storage: 34,000 m<sup>3</sup> earth, 144 boreholes

Commissioning: July 2007

# **Seasonal Borehole Thermal Energy Storage**





Source: CanmetENERGY, Ottawa

# **Borehole Thermal Energy Storage**





# **BTES Core Temperatures** July 2007 – May 2011





Source: CanmetENERGY, Ottawa

# **Energy supplied to the Distribution Loop** July 2007 – July 2013





\*) 2011 and 2012

Source: CanmetENERGY, Ottawa

# **Marstal Solar District Heating, DK**



# 75.000 m<sup>3</sup> Pit Heat Storage

Source: Leo Holm, Marstal Fjernvarme









# **Smart District Heating Systems Integration of heat and electrical grids**





Source: Jan-Erik Nielsen, PlanEnergi, Cost source: SDH, Report "success factors in district heating, Dec 2010

# **Electricity prices during the summer and winter period in Denmark**





# **Challenges and Opportunities**





Optimized collector field hydraulics Integrated thermal / electric grids Smart control and metering New business concepts (ESCO)



# First Results – IEA SHC Task 49 Data base



### 122 systems, 125,600 m<sup>2</sup>, 87.8 MW



# **First Results IEA SHC Task 49 - Countries**





Source: IEA SHC Task 49

## System price related to system size





# **Brewery Göss, Austria**





Source: AEE INTEC

# Integration into the mashing process





Source: AEE INTEC
### Integration into the mashing process











## Textile Industry Hangzhou China $13000 \text{ m}^2$ (9 MW<sub>th</sub>)





### Copper Mine in Chile - 26MWth







### Copper Mine "Gabriela Mistral", Chile 26MWth (39,300 m<sup>2</sup>)



> Process

- ⇒ Electro winning of copper
- ⇒ Electrolyte is kept on a constant Temp. of 50 °C

System

⇒ Cleaning Processes



Source: SUNMARK and IEA SHC Task 49

39.300 m<sup>2</sup> Flat plate collector

4.300 m<sup>3</sup> Storage

### Copper Mine "Gabriela Mistral", Chile 26MWth (39,300 m<sup>2</sup>)





#### High Vacuum Flat-plate, Trough and Fresnel Collectors





High vacuum flat-plate collector by TVP SOLAR in Masdar City (Abu-Dhabi, UAE)

### **Challenges and Opportunities**





Medium temperature collector development Self carrying collectors Process integration

# The Future of Solar Heating and Cooling?





### **Cost of Solar Heat in Europe**





Quelle: ETP RHC (2013)



### Conclusions

- Potential generation of 1/6 of world total final energy for low-temp heat and cooling by 2050
- Similar potential in both building and industrial (process heat) sectors
- Economics differ per climate
- Gas heat price parity reached for different applications
- Crucial to address non-economic barriers: high up-front investment, information failures, split-incentives, quality insurance
  - Need to transfer experience and knowledge to regions with good resource but less experience



### To make use of the potential...

# adjustment to the situation is needed

### Thank you for your attention